

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of

Kaizen Discovery Inc.

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

Kaizen Discovery Inc.Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

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Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Unaudited)

(Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Notes	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 5,345	\$ 281
Receivables	15	51	371
Prepaid expenses and deposits	15	521	495
Total current assets		5,917	1,147
Non-current assets			
Mineral properties	4	-	3,665
Joint venture interests	5	620	503
Advances to joint venture	5(a)	1,948	-
Financial assets	6	319	60
Property, plant and equipment		70	70
Other assets		57	114
Total assets		\$ 8,931	\$ 5,559
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	15	\$ 423	\$ 890
Option liability	7	250	250
Total current liabilities		673	1,140
Non-current liabilities			
Provision	8	-	1,274
Total liabilities		\$ 673	\$ 2,414
Equity			
Share capital	9	\$ 45,987	\$ 39,010
Share-based payment reserve	12	3,602	3,334
Other reserves		452	521
Share purchase warrants	9	177	-
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income		(203)	8
Accumulated deficit		(41,757)	(39,767)
Equity attributable to owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc.		8,258	3,106
Non-controlling interest		 	 39
Total equity		\$ 8,258	\$ 3,145
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 8,931	\$ 5,559

Description of business and going concern (Note 1) Subsequent events (Note 6(a))

Approved and authorized for issue on behalf of the Board on August 9, 2017:

/s/ Terry Krepiakevich/s/ David HubermanTerry Krepiakevich, DirectorDavid Huberman, Director

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

(Unaudited)

(Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Coperating expenses			Thre	ee months	ended	June 30,	S	ix months	ende	ed June 30,
Exploration expenses		Notes		2017		2016		2017		2016
Exploration expenses	Occasión y company									
Administrative expenses 11 (668) (912) (1,365) (2,295) Share of losses from joint ventures 5 (863) (159) (1,127) (179) (179) (158) (1,691) (1,844) (2,846) (3,911) (1,691) (1,844) (2,846) (3,911) (1,691) (1,844) (2,846) (3,911) (1,691) (1,691) (1,844) (2,846) (3,911) (1,691) (1,691) (1,844) (2,846) (3,911) (1,691) (1,691) (1,691) (1,844) (2,846) (3,911) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,991) (1,		10	¢	(460)	¢	(772)	¢	(254)	¢.	(4 427)
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Gain on sale of mineral property 4(b) - - 518 - Dilution gain 5(a) - - 439 - Management fees 15 4 31 5 35 (Loss) gain on foreign exchange (5) (10) (44) 16 Interest income 16 6 35 8 Interest expense - (33) - (41) Write-down of other assets - (1,214) - (1,214) Other (expense) income (21) 40 (102) (6) Loss before income taxes (1,697) (3,024) (1,995) (5,113) Income taxes - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(1,551)</td> <td></td> <td>(1,011)</td> <td></td> <td>(=,= :=)</td> <td></td> <td>(=,=::)</td>	·			(1,551)		(1,011)		(=,= :=)		(=,=::)
Dilution gain Sia		475						540		
Management fees 15 4 31 5 35 (Loss) gain on foreign exchange (5) (10) (44) 16 Interest income 16 6 35 8 Interest expense - (33) - (41) Write-down of other assets - (1,214) - (1,214) Other (expense) income (21) 40 (102) (6) Loss before income taxes (1,697) (3,024) (1,995) (5,113) Income taxes - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td> ,</td><td>` ,</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>	,	` ,		-		-				-
(Loss) gain on foreign exchange (5) (10) (44) 16 Interest income 16 6 35 8 Interest expense - (33) - (41) Write-down of other assets - (1,214) - (1,214) Other (expense) income (21) 40 (102) (6) Loss before income taxes - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5					-				-
Interest income 16	· ·	15								
Interest expense	, , , ,			` '				` ,		
Write-down of other assets - (1,214) - (1,214) Other (expense) income (21) 40 (102) (6) Loss before income taxes (1,697) (3,024) (1,995) (5,113) Income taxes - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <				16				35		_
Other (expense) income (21) 40 (102) (6) Loss before income taxes (1,697) (3,024) (1,995) (5,113) Income taxes - - - - - - Net loss for the period (1,697) (3,024) (1,995) (5,113) Other comprehensive (loss) income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Currency translation adjustment 3 (43) (61) (34) Share of other comprehensive loss of joint venture 5(a) (51) - (14) - Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities (96) (14) (155) 6 Items that have been reclassified to profit or loss: Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,44) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: \$ (•			-		` '		-		()
Loss before income taxes	Write-down of other assets			-		, ,		-		(1,214)
Income taxes	Other (expense) income									(6)
Net loss for the period (1,697) (3,024) (1,995) (5,113) Other comprehensive (loss) income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Currency translation adjustment 3 (43) (61) (34) Share of other comprehensive loss of joint venture 5(a) (51) - (14) - Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities (96) (14) (155) 6 Items that have been reclassified to profit or loss: Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Loss before income taxes			(1,697)		(3,024)		(1,995)		(5,113)
Other comprehensive (loss) income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: 3 (43) (61) (34) Currency translation adjustment 5(a) (51) - (14) - Share of other comprehensive loss of joint venture 5(a) (51) - (14) - Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities (96) (14) (155) 6 Items that have been reclassified to profit or loss: Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Income taxes			-		-		-		-
Currency translation adjustment 3	Net loss for the period			(1,697)		(3,024)		(1,995)		(5,113)
Currency translation adjustment 3 (43) (61) (34) Share of other comprehensive loss of joint venture 5(a) (51) - (14) - Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities (96) (14) (155) 6 Items that have been reclassified to profit or loss: Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Other comprehensive (loss) income									
Share of other comprehensive loss of joint venture 5(a) (51) - (14) - Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities (96) (14) (155) 6 Items that have been reclassified to profit or loss: Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:									
Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities (96) (14) (155) 6 Items that have been reclassified to profit or loss: Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Currency translation adjustment			3		(43)		(61)		(34)
Items that have been reclassified to profit or loss: Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Share of other comprehensive loss of joint venture	5(a)		(51)		-		(14)		-
Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities			(96)		(14)		(155)		6
foreign subsidiary 5(a) - - 14 - Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Items that have been reclassified to profit or loss:									
Total other comprehensive loss for the period \$ (144) \$ (57) \$ (216) \$ (28) Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Cumulative exchange loss relating to deconsolidated									
Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141) Net loss attributable to: Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	foreign subsidiary	5(a)		-		-		14		-
Net loss attributable to: \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Total other comprehensive loss for the period			(144)	\$	(57)		(216)	\$	(28)
Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,697) \$ (2,997) \$ (1,990) \$ (5,086) Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Total comprehensive loss for the period		\$	(1,841)	\$	(3,081)	\$	(2,211)	\$	(5,141)
Non-controlling interest - (27) (5) (27)	Net loss attributable to:									
	Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc.		\$	(1,697)	\$	(2,997)	\$	(1,990)	\$	(5,086)
Net loss for the period \$ (1.697) \$ (3.024) \$ (1.995) \$ (5.112)	Non-controlling interest			-		(27)		(5)		(27)
ψ (1,001) ψ (0,027) ψ (1,000) ψ (0,110)	Net loss for the period		\$	(1,697)	\$	(3,024)	\$	(1,995)	\$	(5,113)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:	Total comprehensive loss attributable to:									
Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc. \$ (1,841) \$ (3,052) \$ (2,201) \$ (5,112)	Owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc.		\$	(1,841)	\$	(3,052)	\$	(2,201)	\$	(5,112)
				-		(29)		(10)		(29)
Total comprehensive loss for the period \$ (1,841) \$ (3,081) \$ (2,211) \$ (5,141)	Total comprehensive loss for the period		\$	(1,841)	\$	(3,081)	\$	(2,211)	\$	(5,141)
Loss per share (basic and diluted) \$ (0.01) \$ (0.02) \$ (0.01) \$ (0.03)	Loss per share (basic and diluted)		\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.03)
Weighted average number of basic and diluted shares	Weighted average number of basic and diluted shares									
outstanding 2(c) 276,766,636 189,583,262 273,873,749 189,583,262	outstanding	2(c)	27	6,766,636	18	9,583,262	27	3,873,749	1	89,583,262

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Unaudited)

(Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share amounts)

	Number of shares		Share capital	Sh	nare-based payment reserve		Other reserves		Share purchase warrants	com	ocumulated other prehensive ss) / income	Accumulated deficit	Equity attributable to owners of Kaizen Discovery Inc.	Non- controlling interes		Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	175,364,517	\$	33,963	\$	3,161	s	_	\$	_	\$	(17) \$	(29,097)	\$ 8,010	\$ -	\$	8,010
Net loss for the period	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	(.,, ¢	(5,086)	(5,086)	(27)		(5,113)
Other comprehensive loss	_		-		-		-		_		(26)	-	(26)	(2)		(28)
Share-based compensation	-		-		195		-		-		-	-	195	- ` '		195
Non-controlling interest's investment in subsidiary	-		-		-		582		-		-	-	582	43		625
Balance at June 30, 2016	175,364,517	\$	33,963	\$	3,356	\$	582	\$	-	\$	(43) \$	(34,183)	\$ 3,675	\$ 14	\$	3,689
Balance at December 31, 2016	207,574,977	\$	39,010	\$	3,334	\$	521	\$	_	\$	8 \$	(39,767)	\$ 3,106	\$ 39	\$	3,145
Net loss for the period	-		-				-		-		-	(1,990)	(1,990)	(5)	1	(1,995)
Other comprehensive loss	-		-		-		-		-		(211)	-	(211)	(5)	1	(216)
Share-based compensation	-		-		268		-		-		-	-	268	-		268
Shares and share purchase warrants issued pursuant																
to rights offering (Note 9), net of share issue costs of \$112	69,191,659		6,977		-		-		177		-	-	7,154	-		7,154
Other changes in non-controlling interest	-		-		-		(69)		-		-	-	(69)	69		-
Deconsolidation of subsidiary (Note 5(a))	-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	(98)	1	(98)
Balance at June 30, 2017	276,766,636	\$	45,987	\$	3,602	\$	452	\$	177	\$	(203) \$	(41,757)	\$ 8,258	\$ -	\$	8,258

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

(Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars)

			Six month	s ende	ed June 30,
	Notes		2017		2016
Operating activities					
Net loss for the period		\$	(1,995)	Ф	(5,113)
Adjustments for non-cash items:		Ψ	(1,993)	Ψ	(3,113)
Share-based compensation			268		195
Share of losses from joint ventures			1,127		179
			•		179
Gain on sale of mineral property			(518)		-
Dilution gain			(439)		- (00)
Loss (gain) on unrealized foreign exchange			40		(29)
Interest expense			-		41
Write-down of other assets			-		1,214
Other expense			133		6
Changes in non-cash working capital items:					
Receivables			316		(162)
Prepaid expenses and deposits			(26)		(47)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			(321)		(175)
Cash used in operating activities		\$	(1,415)	\$	(3,891)
Investing activities					
Reduction of cash from deconsolidation of subsidiary	5(a)	\$	(71)	\$	-
Advances to joint venture	5(a)		(605)		-
Cash used in investing activities		\$	(676)	\$	-
Financing activities					
Proceeds from rights offering		\$	7,154	\$	_
Non-controlling interest's investment in subsidiary		*	-,	Ψ	625
Drawings under loan facility			_		4,300
Cash from financing activities		\$	7,154	\$	4,925
					_
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash		\$	1	\$	(1)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents			5,064		1,033
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period			281		912
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$	5,345	\$	1,945

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 14)

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

1. Description of business and going concern

(a) Kaizen Discovery Inc. (the "Company") is a publicly listed company incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. Its shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol KZD. The Company's head office and registered office are both located at Suite 654 – 999 Canada Place, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3E1.

At June 30, 2017, HPX TechCo Inc. ("HPX"), the Company's privately owned parent, held 66.8% (December 31, 2016 – 66.8%) of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares. The ultimate controlling entity is Ivanhoe Industries LLC, a privately owned company.

The Company, together with its subsidiaries and joint venture interests, is a mineral exploration group focused on projects located in Peru and Canada.

(b) The Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which presumes the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company had no operating revenues and incurred losses of \$1.7 million and \$2.0 million. At June 30, 2017, the Company had consolidated cash and cash equivalents of \$5.3 million (December 31, 2016 - \$0.3 million), excluding cash of \$0.5 million (December 31, 2016 - \$0.5 million) held by KZD Aspen Grove Holding Ltd. and \$0.1 million held by Kaizen Peru Holdings Ltd., the joint venture interests that hold the Aspen Grove Project and the Pinaya Copper-Gold Project respectively.

At June 30, 2017, the Company believes that it has adequate resources to maintain its minimum obligations, including general corporate activities, based on its cash position and ability to pursue additional sources of financing, including equity placements.

The Company currently has no source of operating cash flow, and has no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for additional exploration programs at its properties, or to enable the Company to fulfill its obligations under any applicable agreements. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to obtain additional sources of financing to successfully explore and evaluate its mineral properties and, ultimately, to achieve profitable operations. As such, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, and such adjustments could be material.

2. Basis of presentation

(a) Statement of compliance

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

(b) Basis of presentation

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied in the Company's most recent consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 and reflect

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. Basis of presentation (continued)

(b) Basis of presentation (continued)

all the adjustments necessary for fair presentation in accordance with IFRS for the interim periods presented.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are expressed in Canadian dollars.

(c) Comparative figures

On January 12, 2017, the Company announced the closing of its rights offering, which was open to all shareholders (Note 9). Since the subscription price was less than the fair value of a common share of the Company, the rights offering contained a bonus element. In order to provide a comparable basis for the current period, the basic and diluted loss per share for all periods prior to the rights offering have been adjusted retroactively for the bonus element contained in the rights offering. Specifically, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted loss per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 have been multiplied by a factor of 1.08.

(d) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with IAS 34 requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Company's critical accounting judgments and estimates remain substantially unchanged from those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

(e) Segments

The Company has one operating segment, a mineral exploration group focused on projects located in Peru and Canada.

3. Adoption of new and revised accounting standards and interpretations

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ending December 31, 2017 and have not been applied in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The following standards may have a potential effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Company:

- (a) IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, replaces the guidance in IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, and includes requirements for recognition and measurement, impairment, derecognition and general hedge accounting. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. Management is currently assessing the potential impact of this standard.
- (b) IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, establishes principles that an entity shall apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. As the Company, together with its subsidiaries and joint venture

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

3. Adoption of new and revised accounting standards and interpretations (continued)

(b) (continued)

interests, currently has no source of revenue, the application of IFRS 15 is not expected to have a material impact on amounts recorded in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(c) IFRS 16, Leases, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. This standard substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements of IAS 17, Leases, while requiring enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Earlier application is permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15 at or before the date of initial adoption of IFRS 16. Other areas of the lease accounting model have been impacted, including the definition of a lease. Management is currently assessing the potential impact of this standard.

4. Mineral properties

(a) Pinaya copper-gold project

On February 10, 2017, the Company derecognized the \$3.57 million (December 31, 2016 - \$3.67 million) carrying amount of the Pinaya Copper-Gold Project (the "Pinaya Project") mineral property as a result of the Company's loss of control of Kaizen Peru Holdings Ltd. ("Kaizen Peru Holdings") (Note 5(a)).

(b) Sale of Castle gold-silver-copper property

In February 2017, the Company completed the sale of its 100% interest in the Castle gold-silver-copper property ("Castle Property"), located in northern British Columbia, to Colorado Resources Ltd. ("Colorado"). Under the terms of the purchase and sale agreement, Kaizen received 1,000,000 units of Colorado, with each unit consisting of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles Kaizen to purchase a further common share in Colorado at a price of \$0.60 per share for a period of 24 months. On the transaction date, the common shares and warrants received were recognized at their fair values of \$340,000 (Note 6(a)) and \$178,000 (Note 6(b)) respectively, resulting in a realized gain on sale of \$518,000.

5. Joint venture interests

	June 30,	De	ecember 31,
	2017		2016
Kaizen Peru Holdings Ltd. (a)	\$ 155	\$	-
KZD Aspen Grove Holding Ltd. (b)	465		503
	\$ 620	\$	503

(a) Kaizen Peru Holdings Ltd.

Kaizen Peru Holdings indirectly holds the Pinaya Project, which covers 192 square kilometres and includes 28 kilometres of strike length within the Andahuaylas – Yauri Porphyry Belt in southeastern Peru.

On February 10, 2017, ITOCHU Corporation ("ITOCHU") completed its second payment under the strategic financing agreement to advance exploration efforts at the Pinaya Project, increasing its share ownership interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings to 10% while decreasing the Company's stake to 90%. Under the Shareholders Agreement, which governs Kaizen Peru Holdings' decision making, certain key strategic, operating, investing and financing decisions

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

5. Joint venture interests (continued)

(a) Kaizen Peru Holdings Ltd. (continued)

require the approval of all shareholders holding 10% or more of the common shares of Kaizen Peru Holdings. Therefore, as a result of this transaction, the Company lost control of Kaizen Peru Holdings and, due to the joint control arrangement, retained a 90% joint venture interest. Consequently, on February 10, 2017, the Company derecognized the assets and liabilities of Kaizen Peru Holdings and non-controlling interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings from its condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position. Additionally, the \$14,000 cumulative amount of exchange losses relating to the translation of Kaizen Peru Holdings' Peruvian subsidiary was reclassified to loss. The retained 90% joint venture interest was recognized at cost and is accounted for using the equity method.

On February 10, 2017, the following amounts were derecognized from the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position:

Cash	\$ 71
Receivables	4
Mineral properties	3,568
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(86)
Provision	(1,297)
Due to Kaizen Discovery Inc.	(1,343)
Net assets deconsolidated	\$ 917
Non-controlling interest	(98)
Equity investment in Kaizen Peru Holdings	\$ 819

The following is a summary of the Company's 90% investment in Kaizen Peru Holdings at June 30, 2017:

	June 30, 2017				
Beginning of period	\$	-			
Initial recognition on loss of control		819			
Dilution gain on loss of control		439			
Share of losses from joint venture (i)		(1,089)			
Share of other comprehensive loss from joint venture (i)		(14)			
Total equity investment, end of period	\$	155			
Advances (ii)		1,948			
Total investment, end of period	\$	2,103			

- (i) Share of losses and other comprehensive loss from joint venture reflect the Company's share of those amounts from February 10, 2017 onwards.
- (ii) Amounts advanced to Kaizen Peru Holdings are non-interest bearing and will be applied towards the Company's funding commitments, under the strategic financing agreement described below, by way of equity contributions to Kaizen Peru Holdings.

Strategic financing agreement

On April 18, 2016, the Company closed a strategic financing agreement with ITOCHU to advance exploration efforts at the Pinaya Project. Under the terms of the agreement, ITOCHU will provide up to \$2.5 million in initial exploration funding for the Pinaya Project, in exchange for an indirect 20% stake in the project. The financing agreement calls for ITOCHU to pay the \$2.5 million to Kaizen Peru Holdings in three payments.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

5. Joint venture interests (continued)

(a) Kaizen Peru Holdings Ltd. (continued)

Strategic financing agreement (continued)

- The first payment of \$625,000 was made upon the closing of the transaction. This
 payment gave ITOCHU an initial 5% interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings. The Company
 retained the remaining 95%.
- On February 10, 2017, ITOCHU made its second payment of \$625,000, for another 5% interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings, bringing ITOCHU's total interest to 10%. This payment was conditional on obtaining, within two years of the first payment of \$625,000, local community approvals for the lease and surface rights for the Pinaya Project and obtaining all necessary approvals to establish and operate the exploration camp.
- A third payment of \$1.25 million, for an additional 10% interest, which would bring ITOCHU's aggregate interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings to 20%, is conditional on obtaining, within two years of the first payment of \$625,000, all permits, licences and authorizations necessary to commence exploration drilling activities on the Pinaya Project.

ITOCHU has the right to sell all, but not less than all, of its common shares in Kaizen Peru Holdings to the Company for \$10.00 plus the amount of ITOCHU's \$2.5 million of funding commitment that remains unspent and uncommitted, pro rata to ITOCHU's ownership percentage in Kaizen Peru Holdings on the date that ITOCHU exercises its right. The strategic financing agreement terminates upon ITOCHU exercising this right. At June 30, 2017, the right's estimated redemption amount was nominal.

The Company has agreed to match ITOCHU's exploration funding, which will bring total funding to \$5.0 million for the planned first phase of exploration at Pinaya.

The initial \$1.25 million of the Company's \$2.5 million funding commitment has been satisfied through its advances to Kaizen Peru Holdings for an additional equity contribution. The Company's second funding commitment of \$1.25 million is due on or before April 18, 2018. Following the completion of the Company's \$2.5 million funding commitment, both the Company and ITOCHU become subject to customary cash call obligations and dilution should a party not fund its then pro rata amount of any future funding.

(b) KZD Aspen Grove Holding Ltd.

KZD Aspen Grove Holding Ltd. ("KZD Aspen Grove") holds the Aspen Grove Project, a porphyry copper exploration project with claims comprising 11,237 hectares located halfway between Merritt and Princeton in southern British Columbia.

The Company and ITOCHU have share ownership interests in KZD Aspen Grove of 60% and 40% respectively. Under the Unanimous Shareholders Agreement, which governs KZD Aspen Grove's decision making, unanimous shareholder approval is required for certain key strategic, operating, investing and financing decisions. Accordingly, the Company's 60% interest is treated as a joint venture investment, which is accounted for using the equity method.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

5. Joint venture interests (continued)

(b) KZD Aspen Grove Holding Ltd. (continued)

The following is a summary of the Company's 60% investment in KZD Aspen Grove at June 30, 2017:

	_	onths ended une 30, 2017	Year ended December 31, 2016				
Beginning of period	\$	503	\$	4,040			
Share of losses from joint venture		(38)		(3,537)			
End of period	\$	465	\$	503			

6. Financial assets

	June 30,			ember 31,
		2017		2016
Marketable securities (a)	\$	245	\$	60
Derivative asset (b)		74		-
	\$	319	\$	60

(a) Marketable securities

		June 30, 2017								De	cember 3	31,	2016		
	Number	Cost			Uni	realized		Fair	Cost			Uni	realized		Fair
	of shares	Basis	lm	pairment		loss	٧	alue	Basis	lmp	airment		loss	\	/alue
Alecto Minerals plc (i)	54,996,857	\$ 631	\$	(552)	\$	(79)	\$	-	\$ 631	\$	(552)	\$	(19)	\$	60
Colorado Resources Ltd. (ii)	1,000,000	340		-		(95)		245	-		-		-		-
		\$ 971	\$	(552)	\$	(174)	\$	245	\$ 631	\$	(552)	\$	(19)	\$	60

- (i) On December 21, 2016, upon being suspended from trading on AIM, pending the publication of an admission document in respect of a proposed transaction, Alecto Minerals plc's ("Alecto") shares closed at approximately \$0.001. Due to the delay in publishing the admission document, the trading of Alecto's shares was cancelled on July 11, 2017. As there is no quoted price in an active market for Alecto's shares, the Company assessed its stake at June 30, 2017 and estimated its fair value to be \$Nil.
- (ii) In February 2017, Kaizen received 1,000,000 common shares of Colorado as partial consideration for the sale of the Castle Property to Colorado (Note 4(b)). In August 2017, 169,000 of these shares were sold for net proceeds of approximately \$56,000.

(b) Derivative asset

In February 2017, Kaizen received 1,000,000 share purchase warrants as partial consideration for the sale of the Castle Property to Colorado (Note 4(b)). Each share purchase warrant entitles Kaizen to purchase a further common share in Colorado at a price of \$0.60 per share for a period of 24 months. The fair value of each share purchase warrant was estimated to be \$0.18 on initial recognition and \$0.07 on June 30, 2017 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	June 30, 2017	Initial Recognition
Exercise price	\$0.60	\$0.60
Risk free interest rate	1.09%	0.80%
Expected life (years)	1.63	2.00
Annualized volatility	109%	127%
Dividend rate	0%	0%

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

7. Option liability

On July 31, 2015, for consideration of \$250,000, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary West Cirque, granted ITOCHU an option to acquire an indirect 15% interest in the Tanzilla project, located in northwest British Columbia, for no additional consideration. ITOCHU was also granted a subsequent option to acquire up to a further indirect 10% interest at fair market value. Upon being notified that Freeport had terminated its earn-in option on the Tanzilla project on December 30, 2015, ITOCHU had 30 days to exercise the option to acquire the 15% interest. Following a series of extensions to this exercise period, the latest of which was executed in February 2017, ITOCHU has until February 28, 2018 to exercise the option.

Upon ITOCHU exercising the option to acquire an indirect 15% interest in the Tanzilla project, West Cirque's interest in the project must be transferred to a newly-incorporated wholly-owned subsidiary, and a sufficient number of this subsidiary's common shares would then be issued to ITOCHU such that ITOCHU holds an indirect 15% interest in the project. The fair value of the option liability to issue common shares, which do not yet exist, cannot be reliably measured as the asset underlying these shares is an early stage exploration project, so the option liability is measured at cost.

8. Provision

In 2015, the Company recognized a provision for potential obligations related to the Pinaya Project, which was acquired on October 26, 2015. The provision's carrying amount of \$1.30 million (December 31, 2016 - \$1.27 million) was derecognized on February 10, 2017 as a result of the Company's loss of control of Kaizen Peru Holdings (Note 5(a)).

9. Share capital

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares with no par value. At June 30, 2017, the Company had 276,766,636 common shares issued and outstanding (December 31, 2016 – 207,574,977).

Rights offering

On January 12, 2017, the Company announced the closing of its rights offering that raised gross proceeds of approximately \$7.3 million. Upon the closing of the rights offering, the Company issued a total of 69,191,659 new common shares, which represents 100% of the maximum number of common shares that were available under the offering.

Pursuant to the rights offering, eligible shareholders of record on November 18, 2016 were issued rights on the basis of one right for each common share held. Three rights entitled the holder to subscribe for one common share of the Company upon payment of the subscription price of \$0.105 per share. The rights traded on the TSX Venture Exchange from November 16, 2016 to January 11, 2017.

In connection with the rights offering, the Company entered into a standby commitment agreement (the "Standby Commitment Agreement") with majority shareholder HPX, who agreed, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, to fully exercise its basic subscription privilege to purchase its pro rata share of the common shares offered in the rights offering and to acquire all other common shares not acquired on the exercise of rights in the rights offering. The rights offering was oversubscribed and, consequently, HPX did not acquire any new shares under its standby commitment. As a result of exercising its basic subscription privilege to acquire 46,233,153 new shares, HPX's stake in the Company remained at 66.8%.

In accordance with the terms of the Standby Commitment Agreement, with the completion of the rights offering and fulfillment of the standby commitment by HPX, the Company issued 2,100,000 non-transferable warrants to HPX and the unsecured, revolving loan facility of up to \$5.0 million made available to the Company by HPX, under the terms of the Inter-Corporate Loan Agreement between HPX and the Company dated December 4, 2013, was terminated.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

9. Share capital (continued)

Rights offering (continued)

Each non-transferable warrant entitles HPX to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price per common share of \$0.155 at any time on or before January 11, 2022. The fair value of each warrant was estimated to be \$0.08 on the date of issuance using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 1.09%, expected life of 5 years, annualized volatility of 98.5% and dividend yield of 0%. The aggregate fair value of \$177,000 was debited to share capital as a cost of conducting the rights offering.

10. Exploration expenses

Exploration expenses are summarized as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,			Six month	hs ended June 30,		
	2017		2016	 2017		2016	
Wages and consultants	\$ 75	\$	252	\$ 214	\$	584	
Assay	-		-	10		-	
Share-based compensation	41		24	49		50	
Fees and taxes	-		259	-		421	
Camp	3		23	7		41	
Travel	24		25	42		36	
Professional fees	-		76	5		145	
Demobilization	-		60	-		60	
Environmental	-		27	-		27	
Other	17		27	 27		73	
	\$ 160	\$	773	\$ 354	\$	1,437	

Exploration expenses were allocated to the following projects:

	Three months ended June 30,			Six month	s ended June 30,	
	2017		2016	2017		2016
Pinaya (i)	\$ -	\$	521	\$ 110	\$	975
Coppermine	4		139	19		258
Other exploration	156		113	225		204
	\$ 160	\$	773	\$ 354	\$	1,437

⁽i) From February 10, 2017 onwards, the Company's share of the Pinaya Project's exploration expenses is included in share of losses from joint ventures (Note 5(a)).

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

11. Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses for the Company are summarized as follows:

	Three mont	led June 30,	Six months ended June 30,				
	2017		2016	 2017		2016	
Wages and benefits	\$ 360	\$	435	\$ 749	\$	1,575	
Share-based compensation	82		94	219		145	
Professional fees	81		188	104		210	
Office	66		99	145		192	
Travel	4		34	9		59	
Fees and taxes	28		37	51		60	
Investor relations	22		8	38		19	
Insurance	18		13	36		24	
Other	7		4	 14		11	
	\$ 668	\$	912	\$ 1,365	\$	2,295	

12. Share-based payments

Stock option plan

The Company's stock option plan for employees and directors permits the Board to grant options to acquire common shares of the Company at an exercise price not less than the closing price of the Company's shares on the day preceding the date of grant, less any discount permitted by the TSX Venture Exchange, over a maximum term of ten years. Pursuant to the plan, the Company is authorized to issue stock options for a maximum of 10% of the common shares of the Company outstanding from time to time. The general terms of stock options that have been granted under the plan include a maximum term of five years and vesting periods ranging from immediately to four years after the date of grant.

Details of share option transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Six months end	led Jun	e 30, 2017	Six months ended June 30, 2016			
	Number of stock options	exer	Weighted average cise price per share)	Number of stock options	We	eighted average exercise price (\$ per share)	
Outstanding, beginning of period	9,904,000	\$	0.49	13,071,000	\$	0.55	
Granted	2,560,000		0.21	-		-	
Expired	(19,000)		1.57	(190,000)		0.87	
Forfeited	(3,350,000)		0.55	(800,000)		0.55	
Outstanding, end of period	9,095,000	\$	0.39	12,081,000	\$	0.54	
Exercisable, end of period	5,458,749	\$	0.45	6,987,250	\$	0.57	

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

12. Share-based payments (continued)

Stock option plan (continued)

Stock options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Opt	ions outstanding	Opti	ions exercisable
		Weighted average	,	Weighted average
		remaining		remaining
Exercise price	Number of	contractual life	Number of	contractual life
(\$ per share)	stock options	(years)	stock options	(years)
0.155	450,000	3.4	237,500	3.4
0.20	1,550,000	4.6	516,666	4.6
0.215	250,000	4.8	83,333	4.8
0.235	760,000	4.7	-	-
0.24	1,050,000	4.2	700,000	4.2
0.30	1,435,000	2.6	1,076,250	2.6
0.51	175,000	2.1	105,000	2.1
0.63	3,275,000	1.5	2,620,000	1.5
0.66	150,000	1.6	120,000	1.6
	9,095,000	3.0	5,458,749	2.5

The weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2017 was estimated at \$0.12 (June 30, 2016 - \$Nil) using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted average assumptions used for the Black-Scholes option pricing model were as follows:

Six months ended June 30,

	2017	2016
Exercise price	\$0.21	-
Risk free interest rate	0.79%	-
Expected life (years)	2.18	-
Annualized volatility	107%	-
Dividend rate	0%	_

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

13. Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities have been classified into categories that determine their basis of measurement and, for items measured at fair value, whether changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of loss, or comprehensive loss.

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as follows:

	June 30,	Dec	cember 31,
	2017		2016
Financial assets			
Loans and receivables			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,345	\$	281
Receivables	2		27
Deposits	470		477
Other assets	57		114
Available-for-sale			
Marketable securities	245		60
Fair value through profit or loss			
Derivative asset	74		-
Total financial assets	\$ 6,193	\$	959
Financial liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 423	\$	890
Option liability	250		250
Total financial liabilities	\$ 673	\$	1,140

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents; receivables; deposits; other assets; and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values. The option liability is measured at cost.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's marketable securities are measured at fair value using level 1 inputs, except for the Alecto Minerals plc common shares which are measured at fair value using level 3 inputs. The derivative asset is measured at fair value using level 2 inputs.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

14. Supplemental cash flow information

	June 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash	\$ 5,345	\$ 206
Guaranteed investment certificate	-	75
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,345	\$ 281

The non-cash investing and financing activities not already disclosed in the condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows were as follows:

	Six months en	ded June 30,
	2017	2016
Investing activities		
Consideration received on sale of Castle Property (Note 4(b))	\$ 518 \$	-
Financing activities		
Share purchase warrants issued pursuant to rights	\$ (177) \$	-
offering (Note 9)		

15. Related party transactions

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below.

(a) Expenses, receivables, deposits and accounts payable

The Company incurred the following exploration and administrative expenses with related parties:

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,				
		2017		2016		2017		2016
Salaries and benefits	\$	539	\$	599	\$	1,048	\$	1,945
Corporate administration		82		159		187		256
Exploration and geophysical activities		21		39		84		59
Total related party expenses	\$	642	\$	797	\$	1,319	\$	2,260

The breakdown of the expenses by related party is as follows:

	Three	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,			
		2017		2016		2017		2016
GMM	\$	623	\$	699	\$	1,296	\$	2,142
HPX		19		98		23		118
Total related party expenses	\$	642	\$	797	\$	1,319	\$	2,260

The expenses with Global Mining Management Corporation ("GMM") noted above for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 include approximately \$12,000 (2016 - \$45,000) and \$27,000 (2016 - \$84,000) incurred by KZD Aspen Grove (Note 5(b)) and approximately \$149,000 (2016 - \$38,000) and \$291,000 (2016 - \$181,000) incurred by Kaizen Peru Holdings (Note 5(a)), the Company's equity-accounted investees. The Company's share of losses from joint ventures includes 60% of GMM's transactions with KZD Aspen Grove and, commencing

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

15. Related party transactions (continued)

(a) Expenses, receivables, deposits and accounts payable (continued)

February 10, 2017, 90% of GMM's transactions with Kaizen Peru Holdings. Transactions that occurred between GMM and Kaizen Peru Holdings prior to the deconsolidation of Kaizen Peru Holdings on February 10, 2017 are included in exploration and administrative expenses.

The breakdown of receivables and deposits by related party is as follows:

	June 30,	Dece	ember 31,
	2017		2016
Receivables			
KZD Aspen Grove	\$ -	\$	1
Deposits			
GMM	450		450
Total related party receivables and deposits	\$ 450	\$	451

The breakdown of accounts payable by related party is as follows:

	June 30,	December 3	
	2017		2016
Accounts payable			
GMM	\$ 229	\$	169
HPX	19		149
Key management personnel and officers	3		-
Total related party payables	\$ 251	\$	318

- (i) GMM is a private company based in Vancouver owned equally by eight companies, one of which is the Company, and has an officer in common with the Company. GMM provides administration, accounting, and other office services to the Company on a cost-recovery basis.
- (ii) HPX is the Company's privately owned parent, holding 66.8% of the Company's common shares at June 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016 66.8%). Costs incurred by HPX on behalf of the Company are reimbursed on a cost-recovery basis.
- (iii) In the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, management fees of \$4,000 (2016 \$31,000) and \$5,000 (2016 \$35,000) were earned by the Company as the operator of the Aspen Grove Project.
- (b) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management is as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,			June 30,	
		2017		2016		2017		2016
Salaries and benefits	\$	311	\$	212	\$	589	\$	1,164
Share-based compensation		95		81		230		115
Total remuneration	\$	406	\$	293	\$	819	\$	1,279

⁽i) The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the Board having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements (Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

15. Related party transactions (continued)

- (b) Compensation of key management personnel (continued)
 - (ii) The salaries and benefits for key management personnel noted above for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 include approximately \$73,000 (2016 \$7,000) and \$95,000 (2016 \$55,000) incurred by Kaizen Peru Holdings (Note 5(a)) and approximately \$3,000 (2016 \$8,000) and \$3,000 (2016 \$11,000) incurred by KZD Aspen Grove (Note 5(b)), the Company's equity-accounted investees.



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

As at August 9, 2017

Introduction

The purpose of this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is to provide readers with management's overview of the past performance of, and future outlook for, Kaizen Discovery Inc. (the "Company" or "Kaizen"). The report also provides information to enhance readers' understanding of the Company's financial statements and highlights important business trends and risks affecting the Company's financial performance. It should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements and notes for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2017 (the "financial statements"), audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016 and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2016.

All information contained in this MD&A is current as of August 9, 2017 unless otherwise stated.

All financial information in this MD&A has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and all dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Additional information on the Company is available on SEDAR and on the Company's website, www.kaizendiscovery.com.

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this MD&A constitute "forward-looking statements" or "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Such statements can be identified by the use of words such as "may", "would", "could", "will", "intend", "expect", "believe", "plan", "anticipate", "estimate", "scheduled", "forecast", "predict", "foresee" and other similar terminology, or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. These statements reflect Kaizen's current expectations regarding future events, performance and results, and is accurate only at the time of this MD&A, and may be superseded by more current information. These include, but are not limited to, statements regarding: (i) Kaizen's plans to commence a drilling program at the Pinaya Project once the formal permission to initiate activities has been received; (ii) the expectation that the Pinaya Project's 2017 drilling program will be completed as planned this year; (iii) amending the DIA to include Pedro 2000 in the Pinaya Project's 2017 work program; (iv) the receipt of the third payment by ITOCHU in respect of its funding of the Pinaya Project; (v) Kaizen providing matching funding of up to \$2.5 million for the Pinaya Project; (vi) the expectation that the \$5.0 million will pay for approximately two years of planned exploration work at the Pinaya Project; (vii) statements regarding Kaizen's and ITOCHU's options for the Aspen Grove Project, including a possible sale to, or joint venture with, a third party; (viii) statements regarding Kaizen's options for the Coppermine Project, including a possible sale to, or joint venture with, a third party; and (ix) the expectation that the draft Nunavut Land Use Plan's designations among other strategic issues will impact Kaizen's ability to continue to choose to invest in its exploration activities at the Coppermine Project until the DNLUP is finalized.

Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Kaizen or its mineral projects to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements or information.

In making such statements, Kaizen has made assumptions regarding, among other things: general business and economic conditions; the availability of additional exploration and mineral project financing; the supply and demand for, inventories of, and the level and volatility of the prices of metals; ongoing relationships with strategic partners; the timing and receipt of governmental permits and approvals; changes in regulations; political factors; the accuracy of the Company's interpretation of drill results; the geology, grade and continuity of the Company's mineral deposits; the availability of equipment, skilled labour and services needed for the exploration and development of mineral properties; and currency fluctuations.

This MD&A also contains references to estimates of Mineral Resources. The estimation of Mineral Resources is inherently uncertain and involves subjective judgements about many relevant factors. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The accuracy of any such estimates is a function of the quantity and quality of available data, and of the assumptions made and judgements used in engineering and geological interpretation, which may prove to be unreliable and depend, to a certain extent, upon the analysis of drilling results and statistical inferences that ultimately may prove to be inaccurate. Mineral Resource estimates may have to be re-estimated based on: (i) fluctuations in mineral prices; (ii) results of drilling; (iii) metallurgical testing and other studies; (iv) proposed and completed mining exploration programs; (v) the evaluation of exploration and drilling plans subsequent to the date of any estimates; and (vi) the possible failure to receive required permits, approvals and licenses.

Although the forward-looking statements or information contained in this MD&A are based upon what management of Kaizen believes are reasonable assumptions, Kaizen cannot assure investors that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. They should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: the factors discussed below and under "Risk Factors"; unanticipated changes in general business and economic conditions or conditions in the financial markets; fluctuations in the price of metals; stock market volatility; decisions made by Kaizen's strategic partners; the availability of exploration capital and financing generally; changes in national and local government legislation; changes in interest or currency exchange rates; loss of key personnel; inaccurate geological assumptions; legal disputes or unanticipated outcomes of legal proceedings; social unrest; competition; unavailability of materials and equipment, government action or delays in the receipt of permits or government approvals; industrial disturbances or other job action; and unanticipated events related to health, safety and environmental matters.

Forward-looking information is designed to help readers understand management's current views of the Company's near and longer term prospects, and it may not be appropriate for other purposes. Kaizen will not update any forward-looking statements or forward-looking information unless required to by applicable securities laws.

The forward looking statements contained herein are based on information available and are made as of August 9, 2017.

Overview of the Business

Kaizen is a publicly listed mineral exploration company incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. The Company's shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol KZD. The Company's head office and registered office are located at Suite 654 – 999 Canada Place, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3E1.

Kaizen's current mineral property portfolio consists of exploration-stage mineral projects in Peru and Canada.

To date, Kaizen has not generated any revenues from its operations and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

Outlook

Kaizen's management is optimistic that the improvement in investors' sentiment toward the commodity sector in general and shares of mining companies that began in early 2016 will continue for some time to come. The Company's exploration will continue to focus primarily on copper, which many analysts predict will be one of the best performing metals over the next three to five years.

With the funds from Kaizen's successful, over-subscribed rights offering, which raised approximately \$7.3 million in gross proceeds in January 2017, and the funding commitment from ITOCHU Corporation ("ITOCHU") for the Kaizen Discovery Inc. – Management's Discussion and Analysis – August 9, 2017

first phase exploration program at the Pinaya Copper-Gold Project ("Pinaya Project") in Peru, the Company has sufficient funds to finance its current exploration commitments for 2017.

In 2016 and early 2017, the Company took steps to streamline its exploration portfolio to concentrate its exploration expenditures on the Pinaya Copper-Gold Project – the Company's most promising exploration project. The Company continues to seek additional strategic project opportunities, primarily in South America, the costs of which are undetermined. As such, management will continue to assess the cost of exploration programs at the Pinaya Project and may revise the scope of planned programs.

Overall Performance

Corporate Activities

Collaboration Agreement with ITOCHU Corporation

On November 2, 2016, the Company announced that it had entered into a new agreement with ITOCHU through which ITOCHU could continue to be a joint-venture partner or financier with Kaizen on selected, high-quality, international mineral projects. The new agreement, which replaced the January 2014 framework agreement, established a process by which ITOCHU could seek to invest and work together with Kaizen on future exploration and development projects. The agreement also allowed Kaizen the flexibility to seek joint-venture partners or financiers other than ITOCHU.

Upon closing the Company's rights offering in January 2017, ITOCHU's holding of the Company's common shares fell below the 3% threshold, on a fully diluted basis, stipulated in the new agreement's termination provisions. Consequently, the new agreement automatically terminated on that date. Negotiations with ITOCHU to replace the agreement are ongoing. There can be no assurances that these negotiations will be successful and result in a new collaboration agreement with ITOCHU.

Changes to Board of Directors and Management

On June 28, 2017, Kaizen announced that the seven director nominees listed in Kaizen's management proxy circular, dated May 12, 2017, were re-elected as directors of the Company by shareholders at Kaizen's Annual General and Special Meeting. Kaizen's Board of Directors is comprised of David Boehm, Richard Cohen, Eric Finlayson, David Huberman, David Korbin, Terry Krepiakevich and Ignacio Rosado.

On April 3, 2017, Kaizen announced the appointment of Gustavo Zulliger as Vice President, Exploration, replacing Charles Forster as the Company's Vice President, Exploration. Mr. Forster remains with the Company in a technical advisory role.

Exploration Activities

Pinaya Copper-Gold Project, Peru (90% owned)

The Pinaya Copper-Gold Project, which was acquired in October 2015, covers 192 km² and includes 28 kilometres of strike length within the Andahuaylas-Yauri Porphyry Belt in southeastern Peru. This belt hosts numerous productive and world-scale porphyry and skarn systems, including Las Bambas, Tintaya, Constancia and Haquira.

An updated National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") technical report for the Pinaya Project, prepared jointly by Brian Cole, P.Geo and GeoSim Services Inc., with an effective date of April 26, 2016, was filed on the SEDAR website under Kaizen's profile at www.sedar.com and on the Kaizen website at www.kaizendiscovery.com. The technical report includes a revised resource estimate.

The Pinaya Project contains Mineral Resources within three contiguous zones over a 1.7-kilometre strike in the central part of the property. The project's estimated Measured Resource totals 8.2 million tonnes grading 0.33% copper and 0.60 grams per tonne (g/t) of gold, for contained metal of 27,000 tonnes of copper and 158,000 ounces of gold. The project's estimated Indicated Resource totals 33.5 million tonnes grading 0.32% copper and 0.46 g/t gold, for contained metal of 108,000 tonnes of copper and 497,000 ounces of gold. The project also has an Inferred Resource of 40.2 million tonnes grading 0.36% copper and 0.30 g/t gold, containing 145,000 tonnes of copper and 388,000 ounces of gold.

Previous exploration on the property was focused mainly on defining the current Mineral Resources and much less on systematic regional exploration. Kaizen has reviewed existing geochemical and geophysical surveys and has identified multiple untested targets along and across the strike of the current Mineral Resources.

In 2016, Kaizen signed land access agreements with the community of Pinaya and individual private landholders that provide Kaizen with access rights to conduct its planned exploration program at the Pinaya Project for a two-year period. Kaizen also signed two separate agreements with the community outlining social development and employment commitments.

On February 14, 2017, Kaizen received approval of its Declaration for Environmental Impact ("DIA") for the Pinaya Project. The DIA allows Kaizen to excavate 95 trenches and use up to 20 drilling platforms in order to drill as many as 55 holes totalling up to 17,200 metres. In addition, the Certificate of Non-Existence of Archaeological Remains has been received which is also a precondition to commencing drilling.

Since the signature of the land access agreements, Kaizen has completed an extensive review of the core drilled by previous operators, in addition to prospect mapping over a significant portion of the highly-prospective Pinaya Project. In the second quarter of 2017, a detailed geological mapping program of lithology, alteration and mineralization was completed over the entire project area. The sum total of this work has identified valuable insights into the distribution of the mineralization within the different deposit types in the resource area, in addition to a number of undrilled high-priority targets that Kaizen plans to test during its 2017 drilling program.

The 2017 drilling program, which will consist of approximately 4,000 metres, is awaiting receipt of formal permission to initiate activities from the Peruvian Ministry of Energy and Mines. Based on the latest dialogue with government officials, Kaizen remains confident that the 2017 drilling program will be completed as planned this year.

Approximately 3,000 metres of drilling will be focused on the expansion of the Mineral Resource area, where recent re-logging of core drilled by previous operators has identified compelling resource expansion opportunities along strike to the north (the Cerro Antaña target area) and south of the defined Mineral Resource area.

An additional 1,000 metres of drilling is planned to test new targets to the east of the current resource, including the Pedro 2000 target. Recent site visits have identified outcropping potassic-altered quartz diorite porphyry carrying chalcopyrite-bearing, early-stage "A" type veining, which coincides with anomalous values of copper and gold in soils as well as ground magnetic and chargeability anomalies. Since Pedro 2000 is a new target and was not included in the original DIA application, the DIA will be amended to include Pedro 2000 in the 2017 work program subsequent to receipt of the permission to initiate activities. The Pedro 2000 target has never been drill tested.

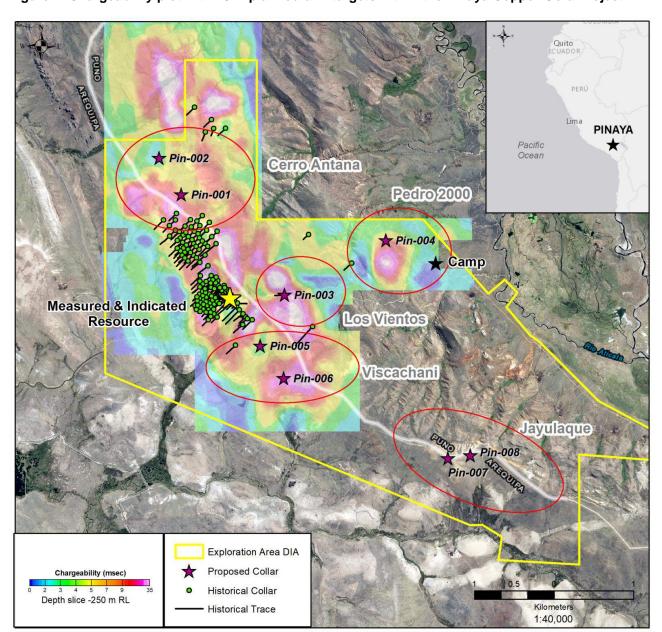


Figure 1: Chargeability plot with 2017 planned drill targets within the Pinaya Copper-Gold Project.

Strategic Financing Agreement with ITOCHU for Pinaya Copper-Gold Project

On April 18, 2016, Kaizen closed a strategic financing agreement with ITOCHU to advance exploration efforts at the Pinaya Project. Under the terms of the agreement, ITOCHU will provide up to \$2.5 million in initial exploration funding for the Pinaya Project, in exchange for an indirect stake in the project of up to 20%.

The financing agreement calls for ITOCHU to pay the \$2.5 million to Kaizen Peru Holdings Ltd. ("Kaizen Peru Holdings"), the indirect holder of the Pinaya Project, in three payments.

- The first payment of \$625,000 was made upon the closing of the transaction. This payment gave ITOCHU an initial 5% interest in Kaizen's subsidiary, Kaizen Peru Holdings. Kaizen retained the remaining 95%.
- On February 10, 2017, ITOCHU made its second payment of \$625,000, for another 5% interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings, raising ITOCHU's interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings to 10%. This payment was conditional on

obtaining, within two years of the first payment of \$625,000, local community approvals for the lease and surface rights for the Pinaya Project and obtaining all necessary approvals to establish and operate the exploration camp.

A third payment of \$1.25 million, for an additional 10% interest, which would bring ITOCHU's aggregate
interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings to 20%, is conditional on obtaining, within two years of the first payment of
\$625,000, the necessary permits, licences and authorizations required to conduct exploration drilling on the
Pinaya Project.

ITOCHU has the right to sell all, but not less than all, of its common shares in Kaizen Peru Holdings to Kaizen for \$10.00 plus the amount of ITOCHU's \$2.5 million of funding commitment that remains unspent and uncommitted, pro rata to ITOCHU's ownership percentage in Kaizen Peru Holdings on the date that ITOCHU exercises its right. The strategic financing agreement terminates upon ITOCHU exercising this right.

Kaizen has agreed to match ITOCHU's exploration funding, bringing the total aggregate funding to \$5.0 million for the planned first phase of exploration at Pinaya. Kaizen expects that the \$5.0 million will pay for approximately two years of planned exploration work at the project.

The initial \$1.25 million of Kaizen's \$2.5 million funding commitment has been satisfied. Kaizen's second funding commitment of \$1.25 million is due on or before April 18, 2018. Following the completion of Kaizen's \$2.5 million funding commitment, both Kaizen and ITOCHU become subject to customary cash call obligations and dilution should either party not fund its pro rata amount of any future funding.

Aspen Grove Project, British Columbia, Canada (60% owned)

The Aspen Grove Project is a non-core asset for which options are being assessed. Discussions are ongoing with potential interested parties for the possible sale or joint venture of the project. The project is located in southern British Columbia, near the city of Merritt. It comprises approximately 112 km² (11,237 ha) and covers part of an extensive belt of porphyry copper-gold mineralization hosted by Early Triassic Nicola Group volcanic rocks and Late Triassic to Early Jurassic intrusions.

The project encompasses a number of historical copper prospects: Zig, Thalia, Boss, Par and Ketchan. Of these five target areas, only the Par and Ketchan areas have had preliminary drill testing. A total of 2,537 metres in five holes was completed at Par and a further 21 holes totaling 10,032 metres have been completed at Ketchan.

Claims

Title to the Aspen Grove property is held by KZD Aspen Grove Holding Ltd. ("KZD Aspen Grove"), a subsidiary owned 60% by Kaizen and 40% by ITOCHU. Three claims (13.75 km²) are subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty, 1% of which can be purchased at any time for \$3.0 million. The project's 29 claims will all remain valid through to 2027.

Coppermine Project, Nunavut, Canada (100% owned)

The Coppermine Project is a non-core asset for which options are being assessed, including a possible sale to, or joint venture with, a third party. The project constitutes a district-scale, greenfield exploration prospect, discontinuously covering approximately 115 kilometres of strike of an easterly-trending belt of Mesoproterozoic continental flood basalts (the Coppermine River Group) and unconformably overlying marine sedimentary rocks of Neoproterozoic age (the Rae Group). The belt has numerous mineral showings that demonstrate prospectivity for two distinct deposit types: sediment-hosted stratiform copper-silver and structurally-controlled volcanic-hosted copper-silver.

Licences

Kaizen, through its wholly owned subsidiary Tundra Copper Corp., holds 153 Crown Land mineral claims totalling 1,657 km² as well as 11 prospecting permits totalling 1,877 km².

All of the claims and permits are currently under Section 51 of the Mining Regulations of Nunavut. Under Section 51 of the Mining Regulations, if a claim holder is unable to do the required assessment work because the holder is, for reasons beyond the claim holder's control, waiting for a public authority to give an authorization or decision without which the work cannot proceed, the claim holder may request a one-year suspension of the work requirements.

The Company's Section 51 application is based on the draft Nunavut Land Use Plan ("DNLUP"). In the DNLUP, the Kaizen mineral claims and prospecting permits are overlain by areas with proposed prohibitions and/or limitations on mining and exploration. Uncertainty regarding these designations among other strategic issues will impact Kaizen's ability to continue to choose to invest in its exploration activities at the Coppermine Project until the DNLUP is finalized.

The annual renewal letter for the Section 51 one-year suspension of work requirements was submitted to the Nunavut Mining Recorder on March 7, 2017. On March 21, 2017, the renewal request was approved by Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada.

Other Exploration Projects

On June 30, 2017, Kaizen elected not to renew two small satellite projects that were held by Kaizen Discovery Peru S.A.C. (formerly Canper Exploraciones S.A.C.), the Peruvian subsidiary that was acquired from AM Gold Inc. in October 2015. The La Mamita and Minas Lucho projects were located in the Corongo and San Roman Provinces respectively and covered a total of 34 km². No work had been carried out on these projects since their acquisition.

Discussions are ongoing with potential interested parties for the possible sale or joint venture of Kaizen's Tanzilla and Pliny copper-gold porphyry projects, located in the Stikine terrane of northwestern British Columbia.

Summary of Quarterly Results

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for per share amounts)

	Quarter Ended				
	Jun-30 2017	Mar-31 2017	Dec-31 2016	Sep-30 2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Exploration expenses	160	194	619	484	
Administrative expenses	668	697	443	707	
Impairment of mineral properties	-	-	-	-	
Share of losses (income) from joint ventures	863	264	3,042	316	
Gain on sale of mineral property	-	(518)	-	-	
Dilution gain	-	(439)	-	-	
Loss (gain) on foreign exchange	5	39	37	(28)	
Write-down of other assets	-	-	-	-	
Write-down of marketable securities	-	-	-	-	
Other expense (income)	1	61	9	(3)	
Net loss for the period	1,697	298	4,150	1,476	
Net loss attributable to owners of Kaizen					
Discovery Inc.	1,697	293	4,124	1,460	
Loss per share attributable to owners of					
Kaizen Discovery Inc. (basic and diluted)	0.01	-	0.02	0.01	

	Quarter Ended			
	Jun-30 2016	Mar-31 2016	Dec-31 2015	Sep-30 2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Exploration expenses	773	664	354	1,742
Administrative expenses	912	1,383	976	810
Impairment of mineral properties	-	-	5,461	-
Share of losses (income) from joint ventures	159	20	(424)	734
Gain on sale of mineral property	-	-	-	-
Dilution gain	-	-	-	-
Loss (gain) on foreign exchange	10	(26)	36	(73)
Write-down of other assets	1,214	-	-	-
Write-down of marketable securities	-	-	83	-
Other expense (income)	(44)	48	(94)	(159)
Net loss for the period	3,024	2,089	6,392	3,054
Net loss attributable to owners of Kaizen				
Discovery Inc.	2,997	2,089	6,392	3,054
Loss per share attributable to owners of				
Kaizen Discovery Inc. (basic and diluted)	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.02

The changes in the Company's financial results on a quarter-by-quarter basis are due primarily to fluctuations in the level of activity of Company's exploration programs, project acquisitions and administration. The Company is a mineral exploration company and does not earn any revenue. The Company's current mineral property portfolio consists of exploration-stage mineral projects in Peru and Canada.

In Q4 2015, the Company recorded an impairment loss totalling \$5.46 million related to the write-downs of the Coppermine, Tanzilla, Pliny and Castle mineral properties.

In Q4 2016, the Company recognized its share of KZD Aspen Grove's impairment loss related to the write-down of the Aspen Grove mineral property.

Comparative Quarters

In Q1 2017, the Company completed a rights offering which was open to all shareholders. In accordance with IFRS, the basic and diluted loss per share for all prior quarters have been adjusted retroactively for a bonus element contained in the rights offering, which resulted from the subscription price being lower than the fair value of a common share of the Company. Specifically, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted loss per share for those quarters have been multiplied by a factor of 1.08.

Results of Operations

Second Quarter Results – Three months ended June 30, 2017 ("Q2 2017") compared to three months ended June 30, 2016 ("Q2 2016")

The loss for Q2 2017 totaled \$1.70 million compared to \$3.02 million for Q2 2016.

Exploration expenses were \$0.16 million for Q2 2017 compared to \$0.77 million for Q2 2016. While the Company continued to concentrate its exploration activities on the Pinaya Project throughout Q2 2017, exploration expenses recognized for that project were \$0.52 million lower due to the deconsolidation of the joint venture interest that holds it. When that joint venture interest was deconsolidated on February 10, 2017, the Company's share of the Pinaya Project's exploration activities commenced being recognized as share of losses from joint venture, rather than as exploration expenses. Additionally, exploration expenses for the Coppermine Project decreased by \$0.14 million as it was inactive throughout Q2 2017.

Administration expenses decreased from \$0.91 million in Q2 2016 to \$0.67 million in Q2 2017 primarily due to lower professional fees and wages and benefits.

Share of losses from joint ventures of \$0.86 million in Q2 2017 (Q2 2016 – \$0.16 million) includes the Company's \$0.83 million (Q2 2016 – \$Nil) share of Kaizen Peru Holdings' loss. On February 10, 2017, Kaizen Peru Holdings, the joint venture interest that holds the Pinaya Project, was deconsolidated and the Company commenced recognizing its share of that joint venture's loss under the equity method.

In Q2 2016, the Company recorded a \$1.21 million write-down of other assets (Q2 2017 – \$Nil). Due to the recourse available to the Company should it be required to settle potential obligations related to the Pinaya Project, an asset was recognized at the same time as the provision for these potential obligations and classified as other assets in the statement of financial position. On June 30, 2016, the Company filed a notice of civil claim which was contested by the counterparty. Under the applicable accounting rules, it was appropriate to record a \$1.21 million write-down of the asset, reducing its carrying amount to nil.

Year-To-Date Results – Six months ended June 30, 2017 ("YTD 2017") compared to six months ended June 30, 2016 ("YTD 2016")

The loss for YTD 2017 totalled \$2.00 million, compared to the loss of \$5.11 million for YTD 2016.

Exploration expenses were \$0.35 million for YTD 2017 compared to \$1.44 million for YTD 2016. While the Company continued to concentrate its exploration activities on the Pinaya Project throughout YTD 2017, exploration expenses recognized for that project were \$0.87 million lower due to the deconsolidation of the joint

venture interest that holds it. When that joint venture interest was deconsolidated on February 10, 2017, the Company's share of the Pinaya Project's exploration activities commenced being recognized as share of losses from joint venture, rather than as exploration expenses. Additionally, exploration expenses for the Coppermine Project decreased by \$0.24 million as it was inactive throughout YTD 2017.

Administration expenses decreased from \$2.30 million in YTD 2016 to \$1.37 million in YTD 2017. Wages and benefits were higher in YTD 2016, mainly due to separation payments totaling \$0.71 million related to certain changes made to the Company's management and geological teams.

Share of losses from joint ventures of \$1.13 million in YTD 2017 (YTD 2016 – \$0.18 million) includes the Company's \$1.09 million (YTD 2016 – \$Nil) share of Kaizen Peru Holdings' loss. On February 10, 2017, Kaizen Peru Holdings, the joint venture interest that holds the Pinaya Project, was deconsolidated and the Company commenced recognizing its share of that joint venture's loss under the equity method.

In YTD 2017, the Company completed the sale of its 100% interest in the Castle gold-silver-copper property to Colorado Resources Ltd. ("Colorado"). On the transaction date, the common shares and warrants received from Colorado were recognized at their fair values of \$0.34 million and \$0.18 million respectively, resulting in a realized gain on sale of mineral property of \$0.52 million (YTD 2016 – \$Nil).

On February 10, 2017, ITOCHU completed its second payment of \$625,000 under the strategic financing agreement to advance exploration efforts at the Pinaya Project, increasing its share ownership interest in Kaizen Peru Holdings to 10% while decreasing the Company's stake to 90%. This transaction resulted in a dilution gain of \$0.44 million (YTD 2016 – \$Nil).

In YTD 2016, the Company recorded a \$1.21 million write-down of other assets (YTD 2017 – \$Nil). Due to the recourse available to the Company should it be required to settle potential obligations related to the Pinaya Project, an asset was recognized at the same time as the provision for these potential obligations and classified as other assets in the statement of financial position. On June 30, 2016, the Company filed a notice of civil claim which was contested by the counterparty. Under the applicable accounting rules, it was appropriate to record a \$1.21 million write-down of the asset, reducing its carrying amount to nil.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At June 30, 2017, the Company had consolidated cash and cash equivalents of \$5.35 million (December 31, 2016 - \$0.28 million), excluding cash of \$0.47 million (December 31, 2016 - \$0.53 million) held by KZD Aspen Grove and \$0.14 million held by Kaizen Peru Holdings, the joint venture interests that hold the Aspen Grove Project and the Pinaya Project respectively. The Company holds its cash in interest-bearing accounts with creditworthy financial institutions.

The primary uses of cash during the six months ended June 30, 2017 were funding operating activities of \$1.42 million (2016 – \$3.89 million) and advancing \$0.61 million to the Kaizen Peru Holdings joint venture. During the same period, cash provided by financing activities comprised \$7.15 million of net proceeds from the rights offering that closed in January 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the Company believes that it has adequate resources to maintain its minimum obligations, including general corporate activities, based on its cash position and ability to pursue additional sources of financing, including equity placements.

The Company currently has no source of operating cash flow, and has no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for additional exploration programs at its properties, or to enable the Company to fulfill its obligations under any applicable agreements. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to obtain additional sources of financing to successfully explore and evaluate its mineral

properties and, ultimately, to achieve profitable operations. Failure to obtain such additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration of the Company's properties and the possible loss of title to such properties. As such, there is material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company was not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the results of operations, financial condition, capital expenditures, liquidity or capital resources of the Company.

Related Party Transactions

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this section of the MD&A. Details of transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below.

Expenses, receivables, deposits and accounts payable

The Company incurred the following exploration and administrative expenses with related parties:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and benefits	539	599	1,048	1,945
Corporate administration	82	159	187	256
Exploration and geophysical activities	21	39	84	59
Total related party expenses	642	797	1,319	2,260

The breakdown of expenses by related party is as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
GMM	623	699	1,296	2,142	
HPX	19	98	23	118	
Total related party expenses	642	797	1,319	2,260	

The expenses with Global Mining Management Corporation ("GMM") noted above for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2017 include approximately \$12,000 (2016 – \$45,000) and \$27,000 (2016 – \$84,000) incurred by KZD Aspen Grove and approximately \$149,000 (2016 – \$38,000) and \$291,000 (2016 – \$181,000) incurred by Kaizen Peru Holdings, the Company's equity-accounted investees. The Company's share of losses from joint ventures includes 60% of GMM's transactions with KZD Aspen Grove and, commencing February 10, 2017, 90% of GMM's transactions with Kaizen Peru Holdings. Transactions that occurred between GMM and Kaizen Peru Holdings prior to the deconsolidation of Kaizen Peru Holdings on February 10, 2017 are included in exploration and administrative expenses.

The breakdown of receivables and deposits by related party is as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Receivables		
KZD Aspen Grove	-	1
Deposits		
GMM	450	450
Total related party receivables and deposits	450	451

The breakdown of accounts payable by related party is as follows:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$
GMM	229	169
HPX	19	149
Key management personnel and officers	3	-
Total related party payables	251	318

- (i) GMM is a private company based in Vancouver owned equally by eight companies, one of which is the Company, and has an officer in common with the Company. GMM provides administration, accounting, and other office services to the Company on a cost-recovery basis.
- (ii) HPX TechCo Inc. ("HPX") is the Company's privately-owned parent, holding 66.8% of the Company's common shares at June 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016 66.8%). Costs incurred by HPX on behalf of the Company are reimbursed on a cost-recovery basis.
- (iii) In the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2017, management fees of approximately \$4,000 (2016 \$31,000) and \$5,000 (2016 \$35,000) were earned by the Company as the operator of the Aspen Grove Project.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management is as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Salaries and benefits	311	212	589	1,164	
Share-based compensation	95	81	230	115	
Total remuneration	406	293	819	1,279	

(i) The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the Board having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

(ii) The salaries and benefits for key management personnel noted above for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 include approximately \$73,000 (2016 - \$7,000) and \$95,000 (2016 - \$55,000) incurred by Kaizen Peru Holdings and approximately \$3,000 (2016 - \$8,000) and \$3,000 (2016 - \$11,000) incurred by KZD Aspen Grove, the Company's equity-accounted investees.

Outstanding Share Data

At August 9, 2017, the Company had the following issued and outstanding:

- 276,766,636 common shares.
- 9,000,000 stock options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.39 per share. Each stock option
 is exercisable to purchase a common share of the Company at prices ranging from \$0.155 to \$0.66 per
 common share.
- 2,100,000 non-transferable warrants held by HPX. Each non-transferable warrant entitles HPX to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price per common share of \$0.155 at any time on or before January 11, 2022.

Changes in Accounting Policies Including Initial Adoption

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ending December 31, 2017, and have not been applied in preparing the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2017. The following standards may have a potential effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

- a) IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, replaces the guidance in IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, and includes requirements for recognition and measurement, impairment, derecognition and general hedge accounting. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. Management is currently assessing the potential impact of this standard.
- b) IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, establishes principles that an entity shall apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. As the Company, together with its subsidiaries and joint venture interests, currently has no source of revenue, the application of IFRS 15 is not expected to have a material impact on amounts recorded in the Company's consolidated financial statements.
- c) IFRS 16, Leases, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. This standard substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements of IAS 17, Leases, while requiring enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Earlier application is permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15 at or before the date of initial adoption of IFRS 16. Other areas of the lease accounting model have been impacted, including the definition of a lease. Management is currently assessing the potential impact of this standard.

Financial Instruments

(Tabular amounts are expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents; receivables; deposits; other assets; and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values. Marketable securities are measured at fair value using level 1 inputs, except for the Alecto Minerals plc common shares which are measured at fair value using level 3 inputs. The derivative asset is measured at fair value using level 2 inputs. The option liability is measured at cost.

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents	5,345	281
Receivables	2	27
Deposits	470	477
Other assets	57	114
Available-for-sale		
Marketable securities	245	60
Fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative asset	74	-
Total financial assets	6,193	959
Financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	423	890
Option liability	250	250
Total financial liabilities	673	1,140

The Company's exposures to financial risks and how the Company manages each of those risks are described in the Company's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2016. There were no significant changes to the Company's exposures to those risks or to the Company's management of its risk exposures during the six month period ended June 30, 2017.

Risk Factors

The Company is engaged in mineral exploration and development activities which, by nature, are speculative. Due to the high-risk nature of the Company's business and the present stage of the Company's various projects, an investment in the Company's common shares should be considered a highly speculative investment that

involves significant financial risks. Prospective investors should carefully consider all of the information disclosed in this MD&A and the Company's other public disclosures, including the risks disclosed in the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2016, prior to making any investment in the Company's common shares.

Qualified Person

The scientific and technical information in this MD&A related to the Pinaya Project has been reviewed and verified by Mark Gibson, PrNatSci, Chief Operating Officer of the Company, a Qualified Person under the terms of NI 43-101. Mr. Gibson is not independent of Kaizen.

The Mineral Resources disclosed in this MD&A for the Pinaya Project are reported in the NI 43-101 Technical Report dated April 26, 2016, "Pinaya Gold-Copper Project Technical Report" (the "Technical Report") prepared jointly by Brian Cole, P.Geo. and Ronald G. Simpson, P.Geo. (Geosim Services Inc.). Both Mr. Cole and Mr. Simpson are independent of Kaizen.